Series : GBM/1

कोड नं. Code No. 67/1/2

रोल नं.				
Roll No.				

परीक्षार्थी कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें ।

Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मृद्रित पृष्ठ 23 हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें ।
- क्रपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 23 प्रश्न हैं ।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जायेगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।
- Please check that this question paper contains 23 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 23 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

लेखाशास्त्र

ACCOUNTANCY

निर्धारित समय : 3 घंटे अधिकतम् अंक : 80

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

सामान्य निर्देश:

- (i) यह प्रश्न-पत्र **दो** खण्डों में विभक्त है **क** और **ख**।
- (ii) खण्ड **क** सभी के लिए **अनिवार्य** है।
- (iii) खण्ड **ख** के **दो** विकल्प हैं विकल्प **I** वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण तथा विकल्प **II** अभिकलित्र लेखांकन ।
- (iv) खण्ड **ख** से केवल **एक** ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।
 - (v) किसी प्रश्न के सभी खण्डों के उत्तर एक ही स्थान पर लिखे जाने चाहिए ।

General Instructions:

- (i) This question paper contains two parts A and B.
- (ii) Part A is compulsory for all.
- (iii) Part **B** has **two** options Option **I** Analysis of Financial Statements and Option **II** Computerized Accounting.
- (iv) Attempt only **one** option of Part **B**.
- (v) All parts of a question should be attempted at one place.

67/1/2 1 [P.T.O.





खण्ड - क

PART - A

(साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

 गुप्ता तथा शर्मा एक फर्म के साझेदार थे । वे फर्म में दो अन्य सदस्यों को प्रवेश देना चाहते थे । नाबालिगों के अतिरिक्त व्यक्तियों की ऐसी किन्हीं दो श्रेणियों की सूची दीजिए जिन्हें इनके द्वारा फर्म में प्रवेश नहीं दिया जा सकता ।

Gupta and Sharma were partners in a firm. They wanted to admit two more members in the firm. List the categories of individuals other than minors who cannot be admitted by them.

 वाई लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 100 समता अंशों का ₹ 2 प्रति अंश की प्रथम याचना राशि का भुगतान न करने पर हरण कर लिया । ₹ 2 प्रति अंश की अन्तिम याचना अभी माँगी जानी थी ।

बट्टे की अधिकतम राशि की गणना कीजिए जिस पर इन अंशों का पुन: निर्गमन किया जा सकता है ।

Y Ltd. forfeited 100 equity shares of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 10 each for the non-payment of first call of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 2 per share. The final call of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 2 per share was yet to be made.

Calculate the maximum amount of discount at which these shares can be re-issued.

3. क तथा ख एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा लाभ-हानि 4 : 3 के अनुपात में बाँटते थे । उन्होंने ग को एक नया साझेदार बनाया । क, ख तथा ग के मध्य नया लाभ अनुपात 3 : 2 : 2 था । क ने अपने भाग का ¼ भाग ग के पक्ष में त्याग दिया । ख के त्याग की गणना कीजिए ।

A and B were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3. They admitted C as a new partner. The new profit sharing ratio between A, B and C was 3:2:2. A surrendered ¼ of his share in favour of C. Calculate B's Sacrifice.

67/1/2



1

4. पी तथा क्यू एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा लाभ बराबर बाँटते थे । उनकी स्थायी पूँजी क्रमश: ₹ 1,00,000 तथा
₹ 50,000 थीं । साझेदारी संलेख में पूँजी पर 10% वार्षिक ब्याज का प्रावधान था । 31 मार्च, 2016 को
समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए पूँजी पर ब्याज लगाए बिना फर्म के लाभ का बँटवारा कर दिया गया ।

इस त्रुटि के शोधन हेतु आवश्यक समायोजन प्रविष्टि कीजिए ।

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P and Q were partners in a firm sharing profits equally. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 1,00,000 and ₹ 50,000 respectively. The partnership deed provided for interest on capital at the rate of 10% per annum. For the year ended 31st march, 2016 the profits of the firm were distributed without providing interest on Capital.

Pass necessary adjustment entry to rectify the error.

5. एक्स लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1000, 9% ऋणपत्रों को 6% के बहे पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किए । 1,200 ऋणपत्रों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । सभी आवेदकों को अनुपातिक आधार पर आबंटन कर दिया गया ।

यह मानते हुए कि सारी राशि का भुगतान आवेदन के साथ करना था, ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन के लिए आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

X Ltd. invited applications for issuing 1000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 6%. Applications for 1,200 debentures were received. Pro-rata allotment was made to all the applicants.

Pass necessary Journal Entries for the issue of debentures assuming that the whole amount was payable with applications.

6. क्या साझेदारी फर्म का अलग वैधानिक अस्तित्व होता है ? अपने उत्तर के समर्थन में कारण दीजिए । 1

Does partnership firm has a separate legal entity ? Give reason in support of your answer.

67/1/2 3 [P.T.O.

7. एक्स.एक्स.एल. लिमिटेड ने अपने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 500, 9% ऋणपत्रों जिन्हें 8% के बहे पर निर्गमित किया गया था, को ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के समता अंशों में परिवर्तित किया । समता अंशों का निर्गमन 25% के अधिलाभ पर किया गया । ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन पर बहे को अभी तक अपिलिखित नहीं किया गया है । अपने कार्यों को स्पष्टता से दर्शाते हुए 9% ऋणपत्रों के समता अंशों में परिवर्तन पर आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

XXL Ltd. converted its 500, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each issued at a discount of 8% into equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued at a premium of 25%. Discount on issue of debentures has not yet been written off.

Showing your workings clearly pass necessary Journal Entries on conversion of 9% debentures into equity shares.

- 8. क, ख, ग तथा घ एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 3 : 3 : 3 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 31 जनवरी, 2017 को घ ने अवकाश ग्रहण कर लिया । क, ख तथा ग ने भिवष्य में लाभ 5 : 1 : 1 के अनुपात में बाँटने का निर्णय लिया । घ के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 4,90,000 किया गया । अपनी कार्यकारी टिप्पणी को स्पष्ट दर्शाते हुए घ के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि कीजिए ।
 - A, B, C and D were partners in a firm sharing profits in 3 : 3 : 3 : 1 ratio. On 31st January, 2017 D retired. A, B and C decided to share future profits in the ratio of 5 : 1 : 1. On D's retirement the goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 4,90,000.

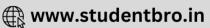
Showing your working notes clearly pass necessary Journal Entry for the treatment of goodwill in the books of the firm on D's retirement.

9. आकाश लिमिटेड ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के समता अंशों में विभक्त ₹ 8,00,00,000 की अधिकृत पूँजी के साथ पंजीकृत है । कम्पनी की अभिदत्त तथा पूर्ण प्रदत्त पूँजी ₹ 4,00,00,000 थी । स्थानीय नवयुवकों को रोजगार प्रदान करने हेतु तथा जम्मू कश्मीर राज्य के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए कम्पनी ने अनन्तनाग जिले में एक खाद्य परिशोधन इकाई की स्थापना का निर्णय लिया । कम्पनी ने लद्दाख, श्रीनगर तथा पुँछ में कौशल विकास केन्द्रों की स्थापना का भी निर्णय लिया । अपनी नवीन वित्तीय आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए कम्पनी ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,00,000 समता अंशों तथा ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 10,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन का निर्णय लिया । ऋणपत्रों का शोधन पाँच वर्षों के पश्चात् करना था । समता अंशों तथा ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन पूर्णरूप से अभिदत्त हो गया । 1000 अंशों का एक अंशधारक ₹ 2 प्रति अंश की अन्तिम याचना राशि का भुगतान करने में असफल रहा ।

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की सूची III के प्रावधानों के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में अंश पूँजी को प्रस्तुत कीजिए । ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान भी कीजिए जिन्हें कम्पनी प्रसारित करना चाहती है ।

67/1/2





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Akash Ltd. is registered with an authorized Capital of $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 8,00,00,000 divided into equity shares of $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 10 each. Subscribed and fully paid up share capital of the company was $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 4,00,00,000. For providing employment to the local youth and for the development of the rural areas of the Jammu and Kashmir State the company decided to set up a food processing unit in Anantnag district. The Company also decided to open skill development centres in Ladakh, Srinagar and Punch. To meet its new financial requirements the company decided to issue 1,00,000 equity shares of $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 10 each and 10,000, 9% debentures of $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 100 each. The debentures were redeemable after five years. The issue of equity shares and debentures was fully subscribed. A shareholder holding 1,000 shares failed to pay the final call of $\ref{thmatcapeta}$ 2 per share.

Present the share capital in the Balance Sheet of the company as per the provisions of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Also, identify any two values that the company wishes to propagate.

- ज़ैड़ लिमिटेड ने के लिमिटेड से मशीनरी का क्रय किया । ज़ैड़ लिमिटेड ने के लिमिटेड को निम्न प्रकार से भगतान किया :
 - (i) ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 5,000 समता अंशों को 30% के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करके ।
 - (ii) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1000, 8% ऋणपत्रों को 10% के बहे पर निर्गमित करके ।
 - (iii) शेष ₹ 48,000 का दो माह पश्चात देय एक प्रतिज्ञापत्र देकर ।

ज़ैड. लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में मशीनरी के क्रय तथा के. लिमिटेड को इसके भुगतान की आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

Z Ltd. purchased machinery from K Ltd. Z Ltd. paid K Ltd as follows:

- (i) By issuing 5,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of 30%.
- (ii) By issuing 1000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 10%.
- (iii) Balance by giving a promissory note of ₹ 48,000 payable after two months.

Pass necessary journal entries for the purchase of machinery and payment to K Ltd. in the books of Z Ltd.

67/1/2 5 [P.T.O.



- 11. संदीप, मंदीप तथा अमनदीप एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 2 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । फर्म अपनी पुस्तकें प्रति वर्ष 31 मार्च को बन्द करती है । 30 सितम्बर, 2016 को मंदीप का देहान्त हो गया । साझेदारी संलेख में प्रावधान था कि किसी साझेदार की मृत्यू पर उसके निष्पादक को निम्न देय होगा :
 - (1) उसके पूँजी खाते का शेष तथा पूँजी पर 12% वार्षिक ब्याज । 1-4-2016 को मंदीप के पूँजी खाते का शेष ₹ 1,00,000 था ।
 - (2) मृत्यु के वर्ष में फर्म के लाभ में उसका भाग, जिसका मूल्यांकन पिछले वर्ष के विक्रय पर शुद्ध लाभ की दर से किया जायेगा जो कि 25% थी । 30 सितम्बर, 2016 तक फर्म का विक्रय ₹ 9,00,000 था ।
 - (3) फर्म की ख्याति में उसका भाग । मंदीप की मृत्यु पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 1,50,000 किया गया ।

साझेदारी संलेख में यह भी प्रावधान था कि मृत साझेदार को देय राशि में से निम्न की कटौती की जायेगी :

- (1) मृत्यु के वर्ष में उसका आहरण । 30 सितम्बर, 2016 तक मंदीप का आहरण ₹ 4,000 था ।
- (2) आहरण पर 6% वार्षिक ब्याज जिसकी गणना ₹ 120 की गई ।

मंदीप के निष्पादक को प्रस्तुत करने के लिए फर्म के लेखपाल ने मंदीप का खाता तैयार किया परन्तु जल्दी में उसने इसे अधूरा छोड़ दिया । फर्म के लेखपाल द्वारा तैयार किया गया मंदीप का पूँजी खाता नीचे प्रस्तुत किया गया है :

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मंदीप का पूँजी खाता

Cr.

तिथि	विवरण	राशि	तिथि	विवरण	राशि
		₹			₹
2016			2016		
सितम्बर 30		4,000	अप्रैल 1		1,00,000
" "		_	सित. 30		6,000
" "		_	" "		90,000
			" "		40,000
			" "		20,000
		2,56,000			2,56,000

6

मंदीप के पूँजी खाते को पूरा कीजिए।

4

67/1/2





Sandeep, Mandeep and Amandeep were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2:2:1. The firm closes its books on 31st March every year. On 30th September, 2016 Mandeep died. The partnership deed provided that on the death of a partner his executors will be entitled to the following:

- (1) Balance in his capital account and interest @ 12% p.a. on capital. On 1-4-2016 the balance in Mandeep's Capital Account was ₹ 1,00,000.
- (2) His share in the profits of the firm in the year of his death which will be calculated on the basis of rate of net profit on sales of the previous year which was 25%. The sales of the firm till 30th September, 2016 were ₹ 9,00,000.
- (3) His share in the goodwill of the firm. The goodwill of the firm on Mandeep's death was valued at ₹ 1,50,000.

The partnership deed also provided that the following deductions will be made from the amount payable to the executor of the deceased partner:

- (1) His drawings in the year of his death. Mandeep's drawings till 30th September, 2016 were ₹ 4,000.
- (2) Interest on drawings @ 6% per annum which was calculated as ₹ 120.

The accountant of the firm prepared Mandeep's Capital Account to be presented to the executor of Mandeep but in a hurry he left it incomplete. Madeep's capital Account prepared by Accountant of the firm is shown below:

Dr. Mandeep's Capital Account Cr.

Date	Particulars	Amount	Date	Particulars	Amount
		₹			₹
2016			2016		
Sep. 30		4,000	April 1		1,00,000
" "		_	Sep. 30		6,000
" "		_	" "		90,000
			" "		40,000
			" "		20,000
		2,56,000			2,56,000

You are required to complete Mandeep's Capital Account.

67/1/2 7 [P.T.O.



करन तथा वरुण एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 1:2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । उनकी स्थायी पूँजी क्रमश: 12. ₹ 2,00,000 तथा ₹ 3,00,000 थी । 1 अप्रैल, 2016 को किशोर को लाभ के 1/4 भाग के लिए एक नया साझेदार बनाया गया । किशोर अपनी पुँजी के लिए ₹ 2,00,000 लाया जिसे करन तथा वरुण की पुँजियों की तरह स्थायी रखा जाना था । किशोर ने लाभ का अपना भाग वरुण से प्राप्त किया । किशोर के प्रवेश पर फर्म की ख्याति की गणना कीजिए तथा करन, वरुण एवं किशोर के नये लाभ अनुपात की गणना कीजिए । किशोर के प्रवेश पर ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टि भी कीजिए, यह मानते हुए कि किशोर ख्याति अधिलाभ का अपना भाग नगद नहीं लाया ।

Karan and Varun were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 1 : 2. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 2,00,000 and ₹ 3,00,000 respectively. On 1st April, 2016 Kishore was admitted as a new partner for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits. Kishore brought ₹ 2,00,000 for his capital which was to be kept fixed like the capitals of Karan and Varun. Kishore acquired his share of profit from Varun.

Calculate goodwill of the firm on Kishore's admission and the new profit sharing ratio of Karan, Varun and Kishore. Also, pass necessary Journal Entry for the treatment of Goodwill on Kishore's admission considering that Kishore did not bring his share of goodwill premium in Cash.

राम, मोहन, सोहन तथा हरी एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 4:3:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 13. 1-4-2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

1-4-2016 को राम, मोहन, सोहन तथा हरी का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ		राशि	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि
		₹		₹
पूँजी :			स्थायी सम्पत्तियाँ	9,00,000
राम	4,00,000		चालू सम्पत्तियाँ	5,20,000
मोहन	4,50,000			
सोहन	2,50,000			
हरी _	2,00,000	13,00,000		
कामगार क्षतिपूर्	र्ति संचय	1,20,000		
		14,20,000		14,20,000

67/1/2 8



उपरोक्त तिथि से साझेदारों ने भविष्य में लाभ 1 : 2 : 3 : 4 के अनुपात में बाँटने का निर्णय किया । इस उद्देश्य के लिए फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 1,80,000 किया गया । साझेदारों ने निम्न के बारे में भी निर्णय लिया :

- (i) कामगार क्षतिपूर्ति दावे का अनुमान ₹ 1,50,000 लगाया गया ।
- (ii) चालू खाते खोलकर साझेदारों की पूँजियों को नये लाभ अनुपात में समायोजित करना । पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता, साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तथा पुनर्गठित फर्म का स्थिति विवरण तैयार कीजिए । **6**

Ram, Mohan, Sohan and Hari were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 4:3:2:1. On 1-4-2016 their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Ram, Mohan, Sohan and Hari as on 1-4-2016

Liab	ilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:			Fixed Assets	9,00,000
Ram	4,00,000		Current Assets	5,20,000
Mohan	4,50,000			
Sohan	2,50,000			
Hari	2,00,000	13,00,000		
Workmen Compensati	on Reserve	1,20,000		
		14,20,000		14,20,000

From the above date the partners decided to share the future profits in the ratio of 1:2:3:4. For this purpose the goodwill of the firm was valued at $\ref{1,80,000}$. The partners also agreed for the following:

- (i) The claim for workmen compensation has been estimated at ₹ 1,50,000.
- (ii) Adjust the capitals of the partners according to new profit sharing ratio by opening partner's current accounts.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the reconstituted firm.

67/1/2 9 [P.T.O.



1-4-2015 को वी.वी.एल. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 6% के बड़े पर 14. किया । ऋणपत्रों का शोधन तीन वर्षों के पश्चात् 10% के अधिलाभ पर करना है ।

31-3-2016 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन तथा ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज की प्रविष्टियाँ यह मानते हुए कीजिए कि ब्याज 30 सितम्बर तथा 31 मार्च को देय है तथा स्रोत पर कर कटौती की दर 10% है । कम्पनी अपनी पुस्तकें प्रतिवर्ष 31 मार्च को बन्द करती है ।

On 1-4-2015 V.V.L. Ltd issued 1000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 6%, redeemable at a premium of 10% after three years.

Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of debentures and debenture interest for the year ended 31-3-2016, assuming that interest is payable on 30th September and 31st March and the rate of tax deducted at source is 10%. The company closes its books on 31st March every year.

- एक साझेदारी फर्म के विघटन के समय निम्न अवस्थाओं में आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए : 15.
 - एक साझेदार, एल. को विघटन प्रक्रिया की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया जिसके लिए उसे ₹ 10,000 वेतन दिया गया ।
 - साझेदार, एम ने ₹ 8,000 विघटन व्यय का भुगतान किया ।
 - (iii) विघटन व्यय ₹ 5,000 थे ।
 - (iv) साझेदार, पी, को विघटन प्रक्रिया की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया जिसके लिए उसे ₹ 7,000 का वेतन देय था । पी. विघटन व्यय वहन करने के लिए सहमत हुआ । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 4,000 थे । जिनका भुगतान पी द्वारा किया गया ।
 - एक साझेदार, एन, को विघटन कार्य की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया जिसके लिए उसे ₹ 9,000 का वेतन देय था । एन विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने पर सहमत हुआ । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 4,000 का भुगतान फर्म द्वारा किया गया ।
 - एक साझेदार, क्यू, को विघटन प्रक्रिया की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया । इसके लिए उसे ₹ 18,000 वेतन देय था । क्यू ने ₹ 18,000 के स्टॉक को वेतन के रूप में लेने की सहमित दी । स्टॉक को पहले ही वसली खाते में स्थानान्तरित कर दिया गया था ।

Pass necessary Journal Entries on the dissolution of a partnership firm in the following cases:

- L, a partner, was appointed to look after the dissolution process for which he was (i) given a remuneration of ₹ 10,000.
- (ii) Dissolution expenses ₹ 8,000 were paid by the partner, M.
- (iii) Dissolution expenses were ₹ 5,000.
- (iv) P, a partner, was appointed to look after the process of dissolution for which he was allowed a remuneration of ₹ 7,000. P agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 4,000 were paid by P.
- N, a partner, was appointed to look after the process of dissolution for which he was allowed a remuneration of ₹ 9,000. N agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 4,000 were paid by the firm.

67/1/2



6

- (vi) Q a partner was appointed to look after the process of dissolution for which he was allowed a remuneration of ₹ 18,000. Q agreed to take over stock worth ₹ 18,000 as his remuneration. The stock had already been transferred to Realisation Account.
- 16. ए.एक्स.एन. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,00,000 समता अंशों को ₹ 6 प्रति अंश के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किये । राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था :

आवेदन पर ₹ 4 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 अधिलाभ सहित)

आबंटन पर ₹ 5 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 अधिलाभ सहित)

प्रथम याचना पर ₹ 4 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 अधिलाभ सहित)

दूसरी तथा अंतिम याचना पर – शेष राशि

निर्गम पूर्णत: अभिदत्त हो गया ।

400 अंशों के एक धारक, कुमार, ने आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 1000 अंशों के एक धारक, रिव, ने आबंटन राशि के साथ सारी अंशराशि का भुगतान कर दिया । आबंटन के तुरन्त पश्चात् कुमार के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया उसके पश्चात् प्रथम याचना राशि माँगी गई । 300 अंशों के एक धारक, गुप्ता, ने प्रथम याचना राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 600 अंशों के एक धारक, गोपाल, ने प्रथम याचना राशि के साथ दूसरी याचना राशि का भी भुगतान कर दिया । प्रथम याचना राशि प्राप्ति के तुरन्त पश्चात् गुप्ता के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । इसके पश्चात् दूसरी तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि माँगी गई । दूसरी याचना राशि पर देय सभी राशि प्राप्त हो गई ।

हरण किये गये सभी अंशों को ₹ 9 प्रति अंश पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुन: निर्गमित कर दिया गया । उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए कम्पनी की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

अथवा

एक्स.एल. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,00,000 समता अंशों को सममूल्य पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किये । राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था :

आवेदन पर ₹ 3 प्रति अंश

आबंटन पर ₹ 4 प्रति अंश

प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना पर ₹ 3 प्रति अंश ।

निर्गम तीन गुना अधि अभिदत्त हुआ । 20% अंशों के आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापिस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को निम्न प्रकार से आबंटन किया गया :

श्रेणी	आवेदन किये गये अंशों की	आबंटित अंशों की संख्या
	संख्या	
I	1,60,000	80,000
II	80,000	20,000

आवेदन पर प्राप्त अतिरिक्त राशि का समायोजन आबंटन तथा प्रथम एवं अन्तिम याचना पर देय राशि में कर लिया गया । सभी याचना माँग ली गई तथा प्राप्त हो गई, श्रेणी I के एक अंशधारक को छोड़कर जिसने 320 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था । उसके अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । हरण किये गये अंशों को ₹ 15 प्रति अंश पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुन: निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए एक्स.एल. लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए । आवश्यकतानुसार अदत्त याचना खाता तथा अग्रिम याचना खाता खोलिए ।

67/1/2 11 [P.T.O.



AXN Ltd. invited applications for issuing 1,00,000 equity shares of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$\sim}}$ 10 each at a premium of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$\sim}}}$ 6 per share. The amount was payable as follows:

On Application ₹ 4 per share (including ₹ 2 premium).

On Allotment ₹ 5 per share (including ₹ 2 premium).

On First Call ₹ 4 per share (including ₹ 2 premium).

On Second and Final Call - Balance Amount.

The issue was fully subscribed.

Kumar the holder of 400 shares did not pay the allotment money and Ravi the holder of 1,000 shares paid his entire share money alongwith allotment money. Kumar's shares were forfeited immediately after allotment. Afterwards first call was made. Gupta a holder of 300 shares failed to pay the first call money and Gopal a holder of 600 shares paid the second call money also alongwith first call. Gupta's shares were forfeited immediately after the first call. Second and final call was made afterwards. The whole amount due on second call was received.

All the forfeited shares were re-issued at ₹ 9 per share fully paid up.

Pass necessary Journal Entries for the above transactions in the books of the company.

OR

XL Ltd. invited applications for issuing 1,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at par. The amount was payable as follows :

On Application ₹ 3 per share.

On Allotment ₹ 4 per share.

On First and Final Call ₹ 3 per share.

The issue was over-subscribed by three times. Applications for 20% shares were rejected and the money refunded. Allotment was made to the remaining applicants as follows:

Category No. of Shares Applied No. of Shares Allotted

Ι	1,60,000	80,000
II	80,000	20,000

Excess money received with applications was adjusted towards sums due on allotment and first and final call. All calls were made and were duly received except

67/1/2





the final call by a shareholder belonging to Category I who has applied for 320 shares. His shares were forfeited. The forfeited shares were re-issued at ₹ 15 per share fully paid up.

Pass necessary Journal entries for the above transactions in the book of XL Ltd. open calls in-arrears and calls in advance account whenever required.

17. डब्ल्यू तथा आर एक फर्म के साझेदार हैं तथा 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते हैं । 31 मार्च, 2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

31-3-2016 को डब्ल्यू तथा आर का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
विभिन्न लेनदार	20,000	रोकड़	12,000
डूबत ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान	2,000	देनदार	18,000
अदत्त वेतन	3,000	स्टॉक	20,000
सामान्य संचय	5,000	फर्नीचर	40,000
पूँजी :		प्लान्ट तथा मशीनरी	40,000
डब्ल्यू 60,000			
आर <u>40,000</u>	1,00,000		
	1,30,000		1,30,000

उपरोक्त तिथि को, निम्न शर्तों के साथ सी. को लाभ के 1/6 भाग के लिए एक नया साझेदार बनाया गया :

- (i) सी. अपनी पूँजी के लिए ₹ 30,000 तथा ख्यांति प्रीमियम के अपने भाग के लिए ₹ 10,000 लायेगा, जिसका आधा भाग डब्ल्यू तथा आर द्वारा आहरण कर लिया जायेगा ।
- (ii) ₹ 1,500 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपलिखित कर दिया जायेगा तथा देनदारों पर संदिग्ध एवं डूबत ऋणों के लिए 5% का प्रावधान किया जायेगा ।
- (iii) अदत्त वेतन का भुगतान कर दिया जायेगा ।
- (iv) स्टॉक पर 10%, फर्नीचर पर ₹ 500 तथा प्लांट तथा मशीनरी पर 8% मूल्यहास लगाया जायेगा ।
- (v) स्थिति विवरण में नहीं दर्शाये गये ₹ 2.500 के निवेशों का लेखा किया जायेगा ।
- (vi) ₹ 2,100 का एक लेनदार, जिसका लेखा पुस्तकों में नहीं किया गया है, का लेखा किया जायेगा । फर्म की पुस्तकों में सी. के प्रवेश पर उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

अथवा

67/1/2 13 [P.T.O.



31-3-2016 को एम.एन. तथा जी का स्थिति विवरण

देयत	m ř	राशि	सम्पत्तियाँ	राशि
440	uę	₹	सम्यात्तया	₹
लेनदार		55,000	रोकड़	40,000
सामान्य संचय		30,000	देनदार 45,000)
पूँजी खाते :			घटा प्रावधान <u>5,000</u>	40,000
एम	1,50,000		स्टॉक	50,000
एन	1,25,000		मशीनरी	1,50,000
जी	75,000	3,50,000	एकस्व	30,000
			भवन	1,00,000
			लाभ-हानि खाता	25,000
		4,35,000		4,35,000

उपरोक्त तिथि को एम ने अवकाश ग्रहण किया तथा निम्न पर सहमित हुई :

- (i) ₹ 2,000 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपिलखित किया जायेगा तथा देनदारों पर संदिग्ध तथा डूबत ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान को 5% पर रखा जायेगा ।
- (ii) एकस्वों को पूर्णतः अपलिखित किया जायेगा तथा स्टॉक, मशीनरी एवं भवन पर 5% मूल्यहास लगाया जायेगा ।
- (iii) ₹ 10,000 का एक लेनदार, जिसका लेखा नहीं किया गया है, का लेखा किया जायेगा ।
- (iv) एन तथा जी भविष्य में लाभ 2:3 के अनुपात में बाँटेंगे।
- (v) एम के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 3,00,000 किया गया । एम के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

W and R are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3: 2. Their Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2016 was as follows:

Balance Sheet of W and R as on 31-3-2016

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Sundry Creditors	20,000	Cash	12,000
Provision for Bad Debts	2,000	Debtors	18,000
Outstanding Salary	3,000	Stock	20,000
General Reserve	5,000	Furniture	40,000
Capitals:		Plant & Machinery	40,000
W 60,000			
R <u>40,000</u>	1,00,000		
	1,30,000		1,30,000

67/1/2



On the above date C was admitted for $\frac{1}{6}$ th share in the profits on the following terms:

- (i) C will bring ₹ 30,000 as his capital and ₹ 10,000 for his share of goodwill premium, half of which will be withdrawn by W and R.
- (ii) Debtors ₹ 1,500 will be written off as bad debts and a provision of 5% will be created for bad and doubtful debts.
- (iii) Outstanding salary will be paid off.
- (iv) Stock will be depreciated by 10%, furniture by ₹ 500 and Plant and Machinery by 8%.
- (v) Investments ₹ 2,500 not mentioned in the balance sheet were to be taken into account.
- (vi) A creditor of ₹ 2,100 not recorded in the books was to be taken into account.
 Pass necessary Journal Entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on C's admission.

OR

M, N and G were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2. On 31-3-2016 their Balance Sheet was as under:

Balance Sheet of M, N and G as on 31-3-2016

	Datanee Sheet of 11, 11 and G as on 51-5-2010				
Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹	
Creditors		55,000	Cash	40,000	
General F	Reserve	30,000	Debtors 45,000		
Capitals:			Less Provision 5,000	40,000	
M	1,50,000		Stock	50,000	
N	1,25,000		Machinery	1,50,000	
G	75,000	3,50,000	Patents	30,000	
			Building	1,00,000	
			Profit & Loss A/c	25,000	
		4,35,000		4,35,000	

M retired on the above date and it was agreed that:

- (i) Debtors of ₹ 2,000 will be written off as bad debts and a provision of 5% on debtors for bad and doubtful debts will be maintained.
- (ii) Patents will be completely written off and stock, machinery and building will be depreciated by 5%.
- (iii) An unrecorded creditor of ₹10,000 will be taken into account.
- (iv) N and G will share the future profits in the ratio of 2 : 3.
- (v) Goodwill of the firm on M's retirement was valued at ₹ 3,00,000.

Pass necessary Journal Entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on M's retirement.

67/1/2 15 [P.T.O.



खण्ड – ख

PART – B

विकल्प - I

Option - I

(वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

(Analysis of Financial Statements)

- 18. 'रोकड़ एवं रोकड़ तुल्य को छोड़कर शुद्ध कार्यशील पूँजी में कमी' प्रचालन गतिविधियों से रोकड़ प्रवाह को बढ़ाएगी, घटाएगी अथवा इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा । अपने उत्तर के समर्थन में कारण दीजिए । 'Net decrease in working capital other than cash and cash equivalents' will increase, decrease or not change cash flow from operating activities. Give reason in support of your answer.
- 19. रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार करते समय 'ब्याज एवं लाभांश के भुगतान एवं प्राप्ति को' किस प्रकार की गतिविधि माना जाता है ?

 'Payment and Receipt of interest and dividend' is classified as which type of activity while preparing cash flow statement ?
- 20. वित्तीय विवरणों के विश्लेषण की किन्हीं चार सीमाओं का उल्लेख कीजिए।

 State any four limitations of analysis of financial statements.
- 21. वित्तीय विवरण एकरूप लेखांकन अवधारणाओं, सिद्धान्तों, प्रक्रियाओं तथा विधिक पर्यावरण जिसमें व्यावसायिक संगठन प्रचालित होते हैं, को ध्यान में रखकर तैयार किए जाते हैं। ये विवरण ऐसी सूचना का स्रोत होते हैं जिसके आधार पर एक कम्पनी की लाभप्रदत्ता एवं वित्तीय स्थिति के विषय में निष्कर्ष निकाले जा सकते हैं तािक इनके उपयोगकर्ता इन्हें आसानी से समझ सकें तथा इनका उपयोग अपने आर्थिक निर्णयों में अर्थपूर्ण ढंग से कर सकें।

उपरोक्त कथन से ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान कीजिए जिनका ध्यान किसी कम्पनी को अपने वित्तीय विवरण तैयार करते समय रखना चाहिए । यह भी उल्लेख कीजिए कि कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की सूची III के अनुसार एक कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में निम्न मदों को किन-किन मुख्य शीर्षकों तथा उप-शीर्षकों के अन्तर्गत दर्शाया जायेगा ।

सामान्य संचय, लघु-अवधि ऋण तथा अग्रिम, पूँजीगत कार्य प्रगति पर तथा डिजाइन । 4

67/1/2



Financial statements are prepared following the consistent accounting concepts, principles, procedures and also the legal environment in which the business organizations operate. These statements are the sources of information on the basis of which conclusions are drawn about the profitability and financial position of a company so that their users can easily understand and use them in their economic decisions in a meaningful way.

From the above statement identify any two values that a company should observe while preparing its financial statements. Also state under which major headings and sub-headings the following items will be presented in the balance sheet of a company as per Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013.

General Reserves, short term loans and advances, Capital work in progress and design.

- 22. एक कम्पनी का तरलता अनुपात 0.8 : 1 है । कारण सिंहत बताइए कि निम्निलिखित लेनदेनों से तरलता अनुपात बढ़ेगा, घटेगा अथवा इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा :
 - (1) ₹ 2,000 के खुदरा औज़ारों का क्रय।
 - (2) ₹ 500 पूर्वदत्त बीमा प्रीमियम का भुगतान ।
 - (3) ₹ 3,000 के माल का उधार विक्रय ।
 - (4) ₹ 5,000 के एक देय बिल का इसके परिपक्व होने पर भुगतान ।

The Quick ratio of a company is 0.8 : 1. State with reason whether the following transactions will increase, decrease or not change the quick ratio :

- (1) Purchase of loose tools ₹ 2,000.
- (2) Insurance premium paid in advance ₹ 500.
- (3) Sale of goods on credit ₹ 3,000.
- (4) Honoured a bills payable ₹ 5,000 on maturity.

67/1/2 17 [P.T.O.



23. 31 मार्च, 2016 को आर.एस. लिमिटेड का स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

आर.एस. लिमिटेड का 31 मार्च, 2016 का स्थिति विवरण

		विवरण	नोट सं.	31-3-2016 ₹	31-3-2015
I.	समत	ा तथा देयताएँ			
	(1)	अंशधारी निधियाँ			
		(a) अंश पूँजी		9,00,000	7,00,000
		(b) संचय एवं आधिक्य	1	2,50,000	1,00,000
	(2)	अचल देयताएँ			
		दीर्घकालीन ऋण	2	4,50,000	3,50,000
	(3)	चालू देयताएँ			
		(a) लघुकालीन ऋण	3	1,50,000	75,000
		(b) लघुकालीन प्रावधान	4	2,00,000	1,25,000
		कुल		19,50,000	13,50,000
II.	परिस	म्पत्तियाँ			
	(1)	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ			
		(a) स्थायी सम्पत्तियाँ			
		(i) मूर्त	5	14,65,000	9,15,000
		(ii) अमूर्त	6	1,00,000	1,50,000
		(b) अचल निवेश		1,50,000	1,00,000
	(2)	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ			
		(a) चालू निवेश		40,000	70,000
		(b) स्टॉक (मालसूची)	7	1,22,000	72,000
		(c) रोकड़ तथा रोकड़ तुल्य		73,000	43,000
		कुल		19,50,000	13,50,000

67/1/2



खातों के नोट्स:

नोट	विवरण	31-3-2016	31-3-2015
सं.		₹	₹
1.	संचय एवं आधिक्य (आधिक्य लाभ-हानि विवरण का		
	शेष)	2,50,000	1,00,000
		2,50,000	1,00,000
		4.50.000	2.50.000
2.	दीर्घकालीन ऋण – 12% ऋणपत्र	4,50,000	3,50,000
		4,50,000	3,50,000
3.	लघुकालीन ऋण – बैंक अधिविकर्ष	1,50,000	75,000
		1,50,000	75,000
4.	लघुकालीन प्रावधान – प्रस्तावित लाभांश	2,00,000	1,25,000
		2,00,000	1,25,000
5.	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	मशीनरी	16,75,000	10,55,000
	एकत्रित मूल्यहास	(2,10,000)	(1,40,000)
		14,65,000	9,15,000
6.	अमूर्त सम्पत्तियाँ		
	ख्याति	1,00,000	1,50,000
		1,00,000	1,50,000
_			
7.	स्टॉक (मालसूची)		
	स्टॉक (बिक्री के लिए माल)	1,22,000	72,000
		1,22,000	72,000

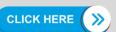
अतिरिक्त सूचना:

- (1) ₹ 1,00,000, 12% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 31-3-2016 को किया गया ।
- (2) वर्ष में एक मशीन जिसकी लागत ₹ 80,000 थी तथा जिस पर एकत्रित मूल्यहास ₹ 40,000 था को ₹ 10,000 की हानि पर बेचा गया ।

रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार कीजिए ।

6

67/1/2 19 [P.T.O.



Following is the Balance Sheet of R.S. Ltd as at 31st March, 2016:

R.S. Ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31-3-2016

		Particulars	Note No.	31-3-2016 ₹	31-3-2015
I.	Equ	ity and Liabilities			
	(1)	Shareholder's Funds			
		(a) Share Capital		9,00,000	7,00,000
		(b) Reserves and Surplus	1	2,50,000	1,00,000
	(2)	Non-current Liabilities			
		Long-term borrowings	2	4,50,000	3,50,000
	(3)	Current Liabilities			
		(a) Short-term borrowings	3	1,50,000	75,000
		(b) Short-term provisions	4	2,00,000	1,25,000
		Total		19,50,000	13,50,000
II.	Asse	ets			
	(1)	Non-current Assets			
		(a) Fixed Assets			
		(i) Tangible	5	14,65,000	9,15,000
		(ii) Intangible	6	1,00,000	1,50,000
		(b) Non-current Investments		1,50,000	1,00,000
	(2)	Current Assets			
		(a) Current Investments		40,000	70,000
		(b) Inventories	7	1,22,000	72,000
		(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents		73,000	43,000
		Total		19,50,000	13,50,000

67/1/2 20





Notes to Accounts:

Note	Do Alla Lana	31-3-2016	31-3-2015
No.	Particulars	₹	₹
1.	Reserves and Surplus (Surplus i.e. Balance		
	in the Statement of Profit and Loss)	2,50,000	1,00,000
		2,50,000	1,00,000
2.	Long-term borrowings – 12% Debentures	4,50,000	3,50,000
		4,50,000	3,50,000
3.	Short-term borrowings – Bank overdraft	1,50,000	75,000
		1,50,000	75,000
4.	Short-term provisions – Proposed Dividend	2,00,000	1,25,000
		2,00,000	1,25,000
5.	Tangible Assets		
	Machinery	16,75,000	10,55,000
	Accumulated Depreciation	(2,10,000)	(1,40,000)
		14,65,000	9,15,000
6.	Intangible Assets		
	Goodwill	1,00,000	1,50,000
		1,00,000	1,50,000
7.	Inventories		
	Stock in trade	1,22,000	72,000
		1,22,000	72,000

Additional Information:

- ₹ 1,00,000, 12% Debentures were issued on 31-3-2016. (1)
- During the year a piece of machinery costing ₹ 80,000, on which accumulated depreciation was ₹ 40,000, was sold at a loss of ₹ 10,000.

Prepare a Cash Flow Statement.

67/1/2 21 [P.T.O.



खण्ड – ख

PART - B

विकल्प – II

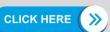
Option - II

(अभिकलित्र लेखांकन)

(Computerized Accounting)

'डेटा बेस' का क्या अर्थ है ? 18. 1 What is a 'Database'? ऑकड़ों का संगठन, प्रक्रियण एवं अन्वेषण लचीले तरीके से करने में प्रयुक्त सॉफ्टवेयर के किन्हीं दो तरीकों के 19. नाम बताइए । 1 Name any two software tools for organizing, processing and querying data in flexible manner. अभिकलित्र लेखांकन सॉफ्टवेयर के किन्हीं चार लाभों को समझाइए । 20. 4 Explain any four advantages of computerized accounting software. 'फार्म' का क्या अर्थ है ? 'स्प्लिट फार्म' 'साधारण फार्म' से किस प्रकार भिन्न है ? 21. 4 What is meant by a "Form"? How 'Split Form' is different from 'Simple Form'? 22. सॉफ्टवेयर के उस प्रकार का नाम बताते हुए समझाइए जो बहुउपयोगकर्ताओं तथा विभिन्न स्थानों पर फैले हुए बड़े व्यावसायिक संगठनों की आवश्यकताओं की पूर्ति करते हैं। 4 Name and explain the type of software which meets the requirements of large business organizations with multi-users and scattered locations.

22



67/1/2

23. कंडीशनल फोर्मेटिंग को परिवर्तित करने के लिए, लिए जाने वाले चरणों का उल्लेख कीजिए । 6

State the steps to be followed to change 'Conditional Formatting'.

67/1/2 23





Q	. Set N	lo.		Marking Scheme 2016-17								
67/	67/	67/		Accountancy (055)				of marks				
1/1	1/2	1/3		<u>Delhi – 67/1/2</u>								
				Expected Answers / Value	points							
6	1	5	•	and Sharmaby them.								
			_	two of the following:				½ x 2				
				ersons of unsound mind/ Lunatic person				=1 Mark				
				nsolvent persons								
_	1	4	• A	ny other person who has been disqualified by	Iaw							
5	2	1		can be re-issued. maximum amount of discount at which these	charoc	can ho ro iccuo	odis` 6 por	=1 Mark				
			share or		Si iai es i	zan be re-issue	a is o per	= I IVIAI K				
2	3	4		BB's sacrifice.								
_		•		Old Share = 4/7								
				Sacrifice = ¼ of 4/7 = 1/7								
			C's Share	Share = 2/7								
			B's Sacrif	Sacrifice = C's share – A's sacrifice = 2/7 – 1/7 = 1/7								
				OR								
_				ice = B's Old Share – B's New Share = 3/7 – 2/7	= 1/7							
3	4	3		Q wererectify the error.								
			Ans.	Dooks of the firm								
				Books of the firm Journal								
			Date	Particulars	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)					
			2016	Q's Current A/c Dr.		2,500	01 ()					
			April 1	To P's current A/c		2,000	2,500	=1 Mark				
				(Being the adjustment of interest on			,					
				capital omitted in previous year)								
4	5	2		invitedwith applicants.								
			Ans.									
				Books of the firm								
			Date	Journal Particulars	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)					
			2016	Bank A/c Dr.	LI	1,12,800	G()					
			Jan 1	To 9% Debenture Application & Allotment A/c		1,12,000	1,12,800	1/2				
				(Being application money received for			1,12,000					
				1,200 debentures @ ` 94 each)								
				9% Debenture Application & Allotment A/c Dr.		1,12,800						
				Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		6,000						
				To 9 % Debentures A/c			1,00,000	1/2				
				To Bank A/c			18,800	=1 Mark				
				(Being 1000 9% debentures allotted on pro-rata basis)				= i iviai k				
1	6	6	O Does r	partnership your answer.								
•			Ans. No	Journal Journal Journal Journal Journal of the State of t				1/2				
				As per law the partners and partnership firm ha	ave no s	eparate legal e	entities.	1/2				
						. J		=1 Mark				
-	7	-	Q. XXL Lt	dequity shares.								
			Ans.									
				XXL Ltd.								
				Journal		 						
			Date	Particulars	LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt					
				OO/ Dalacations A /		(`)	(`)					
				9% Debentures A/c Dr To Debenture holders A/c		50,000	46 000	1				
				To Discount on issue of debentures A/c			46,000 4,000					
				10 Discount offissue of acheffules A/C			T,000					



	1		1 1								1
				(Being an	nount payable to d	lebenture hold	lers				
				on conve	rsion)						
				9% Debei	nture holders A/c		Dr.		46,000		
				To Equi	ty Share Capital A/	′c				36,800	1
					rities Premium Res					9,200	
					ebentures converte					1,25	
				shares)		od iino oquity					
			Working	·							
					abaraa ta ba laayaa	1 4/ 000/10 [2 /	00			1
			Number	or equity s	shares to be issued	1 = 46,000/12.3	0 = 3,0	80			_
											3 Marks
_	8	_	ΟΔΒΟ	, and D	retir	ement					3 IVIdI K3
	•	_	Ans.	, and D		Ciricit.					
			Alis.			Books of the 1	firm				
						Journal					
			Date		Particula			LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
			Date		i ai ticula	13					
									(`)	()	
				A's Capita	al A/c		Dr.		2,03,000		
				To B's (Capital A/c					77,000	2
				To C's (Capital A/c					77,000	
					Capital A/c					49,000	
					•	will on Dic				17,000	
				'	ljustment for good	WIII OH D S					
				retireme	nt)						
			Working								
			1.	Calculation	of Gaining Ratio:						_
					Α	В		С		D	
			New F	Ratio	5/7	1/7	,	1/7		-	」
			Old Ra	atio	3/10	3/10		3/10		1/10	I .
					29/70 (Gain)	11/70	,	11/70		7/70 (Sacrifice)	= 2 N/a ska
						(Sacrifice)	((Sacrif	ice)		3 Marks
10	9	7	O Akas	h I tol Ic	to p	ropagato					
10	9	'	Ans.	11 Ltu. 15	το μ	порауате.					
			Alis.								
					Ralas	nce Sheet of A	kash I	td			
					As at				ıle VI)		
				Parti	culars	Note No.			ount`	Amount `	1
				ı aı tı	valui 3	11313140.			nt year	Previous year	
			FOLIIT	Y & LIABILI	TIFS				, ou.		
				eholder's fu							
			a)			1		Δ	09,98,000		1/2
			L a)	orial c ca	ortai			<u> </u>	<u> </u>]
			Notes to	Accounts	•						
			1.000310	- 1.000 diit3	Particu	ılars				•]
			(1)	Share Ca							
					ed Capital :						
					o equity shares of `	10 each				8,00,00,000	1/2
				Issued Ca		TO Cacif				0,00,00,000	
) equity shares of `	10 each				4,10,00,000	1/2
					ed Capital	TO CACIT				1 ,10,00,000	
					ed and fully paid C	anital					
) shares of ` 10 ea			4,09,9	0.000		
					ed but not fully pa			7,07,7	0,000		
					uity shares of 10 ea						
					s in arrears (1,000				8,000	4,09,98,000	1/2
<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	LUSS, Vall	5 111 a11 cars (1,000				0,000	1 ,07,70,000	<u> </u>
						18					



9	10	8	• • • (Or any	Any two): Providing employment opportunities to the Promotion of rural development. Promotion of skill development in militant Paying attention towards regions of social other suitable value) PurchasedZ Ltd.	affecte				1/2 + 1/2 =3 Marks
9	10	0	Ans.	. PurchaseuZ Ltu.					
				Z Ltd. Journal					
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
							(`)	()	
			(i)	Machinery A/c	Dr.		2,03,000	0.00.000	
				To K Ltd. (Being machinery purchased from K Ltd.)				2,03,000	1/2
			(ii)	K Ltd.	Dr.		65,000		
				To Equity Share Capital A/c	Б.		00,000	50,000	1
				To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				15,000	
				(Being 5,000 equity shares of `10 each i	ssued				
				at 30% premium)					
			/:::\	K Ltd.	Dr		00.000		
			(iii)	Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c	Dr. Dr.		90,000 10,000		1
				To 8% Debentures A/c	Di.		10,000	1,00,000	
				(Being 1,000 8% debentures of ` 100 each	h			1,00,000	
				issued at 10% discount)					
			(iv)	K Ltd.	Dr.		48,000	40.000	1/2
				To Bills Payable A/c (Being balance payment made by giving t				48,000	
				months' promissory note)	WU				
			Date	OR Z Ltd. Journal Particulars		LF	Dr Ami	Cr. Amt	
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt (`)	(`)	
			(i)	Machinery A/c	Dr.		2,03,000		
				To K Ltd.				2,03,000	1/2
				(Being machinery purchased from K Ltd.)					
			(ii)	K Ltd.	Dr.		2,03,000		
				Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr.		10,000	50,000	
				To 8% Debentures A/c				1,00,000	2 1/2
				To Bills Payable A/c				48,000	
				To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				15,000	=
				(Being payment made to K Ltd.)					3 Marks
			Working) _ ` _ ? .	02 00	n		
12	11	12		e Consideration = 65,000 + 90,000 + 48,000 eep, Mandeep and Amandeep					
_			Ans.						
		1	1	19					



					Mandeep's	Capital A	/c		
			Dr	I n .: :	A . ^ `	.	I	Cr	
			Date	Particulars	Amt (`)	Date	Particulars	Amt (`)	
			2016	To Drawings A /s	4.000	2016	Dy Polones 5/4	1 00 000	
			Sep 30 Sep 30	To Drawings A/c 1/2 To Interest on	4,000	April 1	By Balance b/d By Interest on	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,00,000 \\ 6,000 \end{array}$	½ X 8
			3eh 30	Drawings A/c	(½) <u>120</u>	Sep 30		1/2)	/2 / 0
			Sep 30	To Mandeep's	<u>2,51,880</u>	Sep 30	By P & L Suspense	// \	
				Executor's A/c	1/2)	Sep 30	A/c By Sandeep's Cap	ital 40,000	=
						3cp 30	<u>A/c</u>	(1/2)	4 Marks
						Sep 30	By Amandeep's Capital A/c	20,000	
					<u>2,56,000</u>		<u>Capital A/C</u>	<u>2,56,000</u>	
11	12	11		and Varun	premium ir	n cash.			
			Ans.						
				ation of Hidden Goodwil	<u>l:</u>				
			Kishore's						
				Capital = ` 2,00,000 capital of the new firm =	2 00 000 ¥ 4	– <u>8 nn n</u> n	ın		
			· ,	g total capital of Karan,				00 + ` 2.00.000	1
			(=, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =	g			7,00,000	2,00,000	
			Goodwill	of the firm = 8,00,00-7,0	0,000 = 1,00 ,				
			Thus, Kish	ore's share of goodwill	= ¼ X 1,00,00	0 = 25,00	0		
			(1) (1)	CN B CLO					
				ation of New Profit Shar ew share = 1/3 i.e. 4/12	<u>ing ratio :</u>				
				ew snare = 1/31.e. 4/12 ew share = 2/3 - 1/4 = 5	/12				
				ew share = 2/3 - 1/4 = 3 share = 1/4 X 3/3 = 3/12	, 1 ८				1
			New Ratio						
			(c)		.				
			Dr		Books of			C	
			Dr. Date	Partic	Journ	ııdı	LF Dr (`)	Cr. (`)	
			2016	Kishore's Current A/c	uiai 3	Dr.	25,00		
			2010 Apr 1	To Varun's Cur	rent A/c	ы.	23,00	25,000	2
				(Being credit given for		arun on		_3,000	=
				Kishore's admission)					4 Marks
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	13	-	O Ram N	Johan, Sohan	racoi	nstitutad	firm		
	'3		Ans.		Revaluat				
			Dr			-		Cr	
			Particula	ars Ai	mt (`)	Particu	lars	Amt (`)	
				n for Workmen	30,000	_	on revaluation		
			Compen	sation			rred to Partners'		4.0
						Capital		20	1 ½
						Ram Mohan	12,00 9,00		
						Sohan	9,00 6,00		
						Hari	3,00		
					30,000		<u>5700</u>	30,000	
				1		1		1	
					20				



						Partners'	Capital A/c						
		Dr										Cr	
		Particular	rs Ram	Mohan	Sohan	Hari	Particulars	Ram			Sohan	Hari	
		To Revaluation A/c	12,000	9,000	6,000	3,000	By Balance b/d	4,00,000	4	1,50,000	2,50,000	2,00,000	
		To Ram's Capital A/c			13,500	40,500	By Sohan's Capital A/c	13,500		4,500			
		To Mohan's Capital A/c	S		4,500	13,500	By Hari's	40,500		13,500			2 1/2
		To Partners	;	2,05,000			Capital A/c	10,000		10,000			
		To Balance	1,27,000 4,54,000	2,54,000 4,68,000	3,81,000 4,05,000	5,08,000	By Partners' Current A/c	4,54,000		1,68,000	1,55,000 4,05,000	3,65,000 5,65,000	
			4,54,000				, Mohan , Sol			1,00,000	4,05,000	5,65,000	
					a	s at 31st	March 2016					- 61	
			Liabilities			Amt (`)		Assets				t(`)	
		1 1	Capital A/		_		Fixed Asse				_	00,000	
		Ram		1,27,00			Current As		۸,		5,2	20,000	
		Mohan		2,54,00			Partners'	Current					2
		Sohan		3,81,00			Sohan			5,000			_
		Hari		5,08,000	7	12,70,00			<u>3,6</u>	5,000	5,2	20,000	
			Workmen			1,50,00	U						=
		Compens		/o.									6 Marks
		Ram	Current A/	c: 3,15,00	_								
		Mohan		2,05,00		5,20,00	n						
		IVIOLIALI		<u> </u>		3,20,00 19,40,00					10 /	0,000	
-	14 -	Q. On 1-4-	2015				_				<u> 17,5</u>	0,000	
	• •	Ans.	2010			very yea	••						
		7413.				vv	L Ltd.						
							ırnal						
		Date			Dari	iculars	ıııaı		LF	Dr (^)		r(`)	
		2015	Bank A/c		raii	iculai S		Dr.	LF	Dr (`) 94,000		1 ()	
		Apr 1		henture	Applicat	ti∩n & Alle	otment A/c	DI.		74,000		94,000	1
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	(Being ap									, 4,000	
		2015	9% Deber					Dr.		94,000)		
		Apr 1	Discount					Dr.		6,000			
			Loss on Is					Dr.		10,000			_
			To 9 % E							2,300		00,000	1
						on of Deb	entures A/c					10,000	
1					•		ney to debent	ure				,	
	1		` 0				redeemable a						
			account			2.21			1				
			premium	of 10%)				Į.	l				
				of 10%)		OR							
			premium				ment A/c	Dr.		94,000)		
				iture Ap _l	olicatio	n & Allot	ment A/c	Dr. Dr.		94,000 16,000			
			premium 9% Deber	iture App sue of De	olicatio ebentu	n & Allot	ment A/c)	00,000	
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % E	iture App sue of De Debentur	olicatio ebentu es A/c	n & Allot res A/c	ment A/c				1,	00,000	
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % D To Premi	iture App sue of De Debentur um on Re	olicatio ebentu es A/c edempti	n & Allot res A/c on of Deb		Dr.			1,	-	
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % E To Premi (Being tra	iture App sue of Do Debentur um on Re nsfer of	olicatio ebentu es A/c edempti applica	n & Allot res A/c on of Dek tion mor	oentures A/c	Dr. ure			1,	-	
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % D To Premi (Being tra account is	sture App sue of De Debentur um on Re nsfer of ssued at	olicatio ebentu es A/c edempti applica	n & Allot res A/c on of Dek tion mor	pentures A/c ney to debent	Dr. ure			1,	-	
		2015	9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % E To Premi (Being tra	ature App sue of De Debentur um on Re nsfer of ssued at of 10%)	olicatio ebentu res A/c edempti applica discour	n & Allot res A/c on of Dek tion mor	pentures A/c ney to debent	Dr. ure		16,000	1,	-	
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % D To Premi (Being tra account is premium	ature App sue of Do Debentur um on Re nsfer of ssued at of 10%)	olicatio ebentu es A/c edempti applica discour	n & Allot res A/c on of Deb tion mor nt of 6%,	pentures A/c ney to debent	Dr. ure at			1,	10,000	4
		2015 Sep 30	9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % E To Premi (Being tra account is premium Debenture To Debe	ature App sue of De Debentur um on Re nsfer of ssued at of 10%) e Interes nture ho	eblicatio ebentures A/c edempti applica discour st A/c	n & Allot res A/c on of Deb tion mor nt of 6%,	pentures A/c ney to debent	Dr. ure at		16,000	1,	4,050	1
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % D To Premi (Being tra account is premium Debentur To Deber To TDS	ature Appose of Debentur on Renamed at of 10%) e Interestature he payable	olicatio ebentu res A/c edempti applica discour st A/c olders A A/c	n & Allot res A/c on of Det tion mor nt of 6%,	pentures A/c ney to debent redeemable a	Dr. ure at Dr.		16,000	1,	10,000	1
			9% Deber Loss on Is: To 9 % D To Premi (Being tra account is premium Debentur To Deber To TDS	ature Appose of Debentur on Rensfer of sued at of 10%) e Interest navel erest page	olicatio ebentu res A/c edempti applica discour st A/c olders A A/c yable o	n & Allot res A/c on of Dek tion mor nt of 6%, A/c	pentures A/c ney to debent	Dr. ure at Dr.		16,000	1,	4,050	1



			2015	Debenture holders A/c			Dr.	4,050)	
			Sep 30	TDS Payable A/c			Dr.	450)	
				To Bank A/c					4,500	1/2
				(Being interest paid to debentures and	TDS					
				deposited)						
			2016	Debenture Interest A/c			Dr.	4,500)	
			Mar 31	To Debenture holders A/c					4,050	
				To TDS Payable A/c					450	1
				(Being interest payable on 9% debentu	res ar	nd tax	(
				deducted at source @ 10%)						
			2016	Debenture holders A/c			Dr.	4,050)	
			Mar 31	TDS Payable A/c			Dr.	450		
				To Bank A/c					4,500	1/2
				(Being interest paid to debentures and	TDS					
				deposited)						
			2016	Statement of Profit & Loss			Dr.	9,000)	
			Mar 31	To Debenture Interest A/c					9,000	1
				(Being interest on debentures transfer	red to)				=
				statement to P & L)						6 Marks
15	15	-		ecessary Realisation Ac	count	i.	•	•		
			Ans.	5 1 61	. .					
				Books of the Journal						
			Date	Particulars		LF	D	r(`)	Cr (`)	
			(i)	Realisation A/c	Dr.			10,000		
				To L's Capital A/c				,	10,000	1
				(Being remuneration given to L)					·	
			(ii)	Realisation A/c	Dr.			8,000		
				To M's Capital A/c					8,000	
				(Being dissolution expenses paid by						1
				partner)						
			(iii)	Realisation A/c	Dr.			5,000		
				To Cash/ Bank A/c					5,000	1
				(Being dissolution expenses paid)						
			(iv) a.	Realisation A/c	Dr.			7,000		
				To P's Capital A/c					7,000	1
				(Being dissolution expenses paid by P)						
			(.) -	Daaliaatian A/a	D			0.000		
			(v) a.	Realisation A/c	Dr.			9,000	0.000	1,
				To N's Capital A/c					9,000	1/2
				(Being remuneration given to N)						
			(1) 6	N's Capital A/c	Dr.			4.000		
			(v) b.	To Bank/ Cash A/c	<i>Ο</i> Ι.			4,000	4,000	1/2
					, tho				4,000	72
				(Being the dissolution expenses paid by	ruie					
				firm on behalf of the partner)						
				<u> </u>]				



			(vi) a.	Realisation A/c	Dr.		18,000	T	
			(vi) a.	To Q's Capital A/c (Being remuneration given to Q)	DI.		10,000	18,000	1/2+1/2
			(vi) b.	Q's Capital A/c To Realisation A/c (Being stock taken over by Q as remuneration)	Dr.		18,000	18,000	OR
			(vi)	OR					
			(a.+ b.)	No Entry					1 =
									6 Marks
17	16	17		tdbooks of the con	npany.	<u> </u>			
			Ans.	AXN Ltd	d				
				Journa					
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
			(i)	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Being application money received)	Dr.		4,00,000	4,00,000	1
			(ii)	Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being application money transferred)	Dr.		4,00,000	2,00,000	1
			(iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being share allotment money due)	Dr.		5,00,000	3,00,000 2,00,000	1
			(iv)	Bank A/c Calls in Arrears A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in Advance A/c (Being allotment money received excep 400 shares and calls in advance received OR			5,05,000 2,000	5,00,000 7,000	1/2
				Bank A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c To Calls in Advance A/c (Being allotment money received excep 400 shares and calls in advance received			5,05,000	4,98,000 7,000	
			(v)	Equity Share Capital A/c Securities Premium Reserve A/c To Shares Forfeited A/c To Calls in arrears A/c/ Equity Share Allotr (Being 400 shares forfeited)	Dr. Dr. ment A/c		2,000 800	800 2,000	1∕2
			(vi)	Equity Share First call A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being first call money due on 99,600 sh	Dr. nares)		3,98,400	1,99,200 1,99,200	1 / ₂



ГТТ	(, ;;)	Bank A/c	Dr.	2.05.000		<u></u>
	(vii)			3,95,000		
		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	4,000		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c			3,98,400	
		To Calls in advance A/c			1,800	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance				
		received, advance received earlier adjusted	d)			
		OR				1/2
		Bank A/c	Dr.	3,95,000		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	4,000		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c		1,000	3,97,200	
		To Calls in advance A/c			1,800	
					1,000	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance				
		received, advance received earlier adjusted	1)			
		OR				
		(a)				
		Bank A/c	Dr.	3,95,000		
		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c			3,94,400	
		To Calls in advance A/c			1,800	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance			, - , -	
		received)				
		(b)				
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	4.000		
			Dr.	4,000	4.000	
		To Equity Share First Call A/c			4,000	
		(Being advance received earlier adjusted)				
		OR				
		(a)				
		Bank A/c	Dr.	3,95,000		
		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	2,200		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c			3,98,400	
		(Being first call money received, advance			0,70,100	
		received earlier on 1,000 shares adjusted a	nd			
		1				
		second call in advance received on 600 sha	res)			
	(viii)	Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr.	2,100		
		Securities Premium Reserve A/c	Dr.	600		
		To Shares Forfeited A/c			1,500	1/2
		To Calls in arrears A/c/ Share first call A	./c		1,200	
		(Being 300 shares forfeited)			, , , , ,	
	(ix)	Equity Share Second & Final call A/c	Dr.	2,97,900		
	(1^)	To Equity Share Capital A/c	DI.	2,71,700	2 07 000	
		, , ,			2,97,900	1/2
		(Being second call due on 99,300 shares)		0.00.155		72
	(x)	Bank A/c	Dr.	2,93,100		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	4,800		
		To Equity share second and final call A/c			2,97,900	1/2
		(Being second and final call received and				
		advance received earlier adjusted)				
	(xi)	Bank A/c	Dr.	6,300		
		Shares Forfeited A/c	Dr.	700		
			DI.	/00	7,000	1
		To Equity Share Capital A/c			7,000	
		(Being forfeited shares reissued)				



			(xii)	Shares Forfeited A/c	Dr.		1,600		1/2
			(To Capital Reserve A/c	٥		1,000	1,600	=
				(Being gain on reissue on forfeited shares				,	8 Marks
				transferred to capital reserve account)					
17	16	17	Q. XL Lt	d whenever required.			<u>'</u>		
OR	OR	OR	Ans.	•					
				XL Ltd.					
				Journal					
			Date	Particulars Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
							()	()	
			(i)	Bank A/c	Dr.		9,00,000		
				To Equity Share Application A/c				9,00,000	1/2
				(Being application money received on 3,00	0,000				
				shares)					
			(ii)	Equity Share Application A/c	Dr.		9,00,000		
				To Equity Share Capital A/c				3,00,000	
				To Bank A/c				2,20,000	1/2
				To Equity Share Allotment A/c				3,20,000	/2
				To Calls in Advance A/c				60,000	
			/:::\	(Being application money transferred)	D۳		4.00.000		
			(iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr.		4,00,000	4 00 000	1
				To Equity Share Capital A/c (Being share allotment money due)				4,00,000	
				(being share anothrent money due)					
			(iv)	Bank A/c	Dr.		80,000		
				To Equity share allotment a/c	ы.		00,000	80,000	1
				(Being Balance amount received on allotm	nent)			33,333	
			(v)	Equity share first and final call A/c	Dr.		3,00,000		
				To Equity share Capital A/c				3,00,000	1
				(Being First and final call money due)					
			(vi)	Bank A/c	Dr.		2,39,520		
				Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.		480		1
				Calls in advance A/c	Dr.		60,000		-
				To Equity Share first and final call A/c				3,00,000	
				(Being money received on first and final ca	all				
			(, .;;)	and advance received earlier adjusted)	D.,		1 (00		
			(vii)	Equity Share capital A/c To Shares Forfeited A/c	Dr.		1,600	1 120	
				To Calls in arrears A/c				1,120 480	1
				(Being 160 shares forfeited)				400	
			(viii)	Bank A/c	Dr.		2,400		
			(****)	To Equity Share Capital A/c	ы.		2,700	1,600	
				To Securities Premium Reserve A/c				800	1
				(Being forfeited shares reissued)					
	1			,					
			(ix)	Shares Forfeited A/c	Dr.		1,120		1
				To Capital Reserve A/c				1,120	-
	1			(Being gain on reissue of forfeited shares					8 Marks
				transferred to capital reserve account)					
16	17	16	O War	nd R are					
10	''								
			Ans.						
	•	•		25					•



	Books of the firm Journal				
Date	Particulars	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
(i)	General Reserve A/c Dr. To W's Capital A/c To R's Capital A/c (Being General Reserve distributed among partners)		5,000	3,000 2,000	1/2
(ii)	Cash A/c Dr. To C's Capital A/c To Premium for Goodwill A/c (Being cash received as C's capital and premium for goodwill)		40,000	30,000 10,000	1
(iii)	Premium for Goodwill A/c Dr. To W's Capital A/c To R's Capital A/c (Being premium for Goodwill credited to old partners' capital account in sacrificing ratio)		10,000	6,000 4,000	1
(iv)	W's Capital A/c Dr. R's Capital A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being half of goodwill amount withdrawn by W and R)		3,000 2,000	5,000	½
(v)	Bad debts A/c Dr. To Debtors A/c (Being debtors ` 1,500 written off)		1,500	1,500	1/2
(vi)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c Dr. To Bad debts A/c (Being provision utilised for writing off bad debts)		1,500	1,500	1/2
(vii)	Revaluation A/c Dr. To Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c (Being provision for bad debts created)		325	325	1/2
(viii)	Outstanding Salary A/c Dr. To Cash A/c (Being outstanding salary paid)		3,000	3,000	1/2
(ix)	Revaluation A/c Dr. To Stock A/c To Furniture A/c To Plant & Machinery A/c (Being decrease in assets recorded)		5,700	2,000 500 3,200	1 ½
(x)	Investments A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c (Being increase in investments recorded)		2,500	2,500	1/2
(xi)	Revaluation A/c Dr. To Creditor A/c (Being increase in creditors recorded)		2,100	2,100	1/2
(xii)	W's Capital A/c Dr. R's Capital A/c Dr. To Revaluation A/c (Being loss on revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital A/c)		3,375 2,250	5,625	½ = 8 Marks



	1			-					T
				Note: In case an examinee has combin	ed				
				entry number (vii), (ix) and (xi), full cre	edit				
				may be given					
				may be given. 2 ½					
				Revaluation A/c	Dr.		8,125		
				To Provision for bad debts A/c	ы.		0,120	325	
				To Stock A/c					
								2,000	
				To Furniture A/c				500	
				To Plant & Machinery A/c				3,200	
				To Creditor A/c				2,100	
				(Being assets and liabilities revalued)					
16	17	16	Q. M, N a	and G wereM's retiremer	nt.				
OR	OR	OR	Ans.						
				Books of the	firm				
				Journal					
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			(i)	General Reserve A/c	Dr.		30,000	. ,	
				To M's Capital A/c	٥		33,333	15,000	
				To N's Capital A/c				9,000	1
				To G's Capital A/c				6,000	
								0,000	
				(Being General Reserve distributed ame	ong				
			400	partners)					
			(ii)	M's Capital A/c	Dr.		12,500		
				N's Capital A/c	Dr.		7,500		
				G's Capital A/c	Dr.		5,000		1
				To Profit and Loss A/c				25,000	
				(Being accumulated losses divided amo	ng				
				partners)	J				
			(iii)	Bad Debts A/c	Dr.		2,000		
			(,	To Debtors A/c	2		_,000	2,000	1/2
				(Being debtors of ` 2,000 written)				2,000	
			(iv)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c	Dr.		2,000		
			(10)	To Bad Debts A/c	DI.		2,000	2 000	
					ad			2,000	1/2
				(Being provision of 5% on debtors for b	au				/2
			<i>(.)</i>	and doubtful debts maintained)	D.,		050		
			(v)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c	Dr.		850	0.50	
				To Revaluation A/c				850	1/
				(Being excess provision transferred to					1/2
				Revaluation A/c)					
			(vi)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		45,000		
				To Patents A/c				30,000	
				To Stock A/c				2,500	2
				To Machinery A/c				7,500	
				To Building A/c				5,000	
				(Being decrease in assets recorded)					
			(vii)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		10,000		
			``''	To Creditors A/c			. 5,555	10,000	1/2
				(Being increase in creditors recorded)				.0,000	
			(viii)	M's Capital A/c	Dr.		27,075		
			(viii)	· ·			· ·		
				N's Capital A/c	Dr.		16,245		
				G's Capital A/c	Dr.		10,830		1/
				To Revaluation A/c				54,150	1/2
				(Being loss on revaluation transferred t	0				
				Partners' Capital A/c)					
		<u> </u>							
				27					



			(ix) N's Capital A/c G's Capital A/c	Dr. Dr.	30,000 1,20,000		1
			To M's Capital A/c (Being Goodwill adjusted on M' retirement)	S		1,50,000	
			(x) M's Capital A/c To M's Loan A/c (Being balance of M's Capital tr	Dr. ansferred to	2,75,425	2,75,425	½ =
			M's Loan A/c) Note: In case an examinee has				8 Marks
			entry number (vi) and (vii), full be given.				
			Revaluation A/c To Patents A/c To Stock A/c To Machinery A/c To Building A/c To Creditors A/c (Being assets and liabilities re Working Notes: Amount payable to M = 1,50,000 + 15,000	<u> </u>	55,000 5 + 1,50,000 = ` 2,7	30,000 2,500 7,500 5,000 10,000	
				PART B atements Analy	rsis)		
-	18	-	Q. 'Net decreaseyour answer. Ans. Increase Reason: Net decrease in working capital implies the inflow of cash from operating activities				
-	19	-	Q. 'Payment and Receiptflow Ans. Payment of Interest and Dividend: Fir Receipt of Interest and Dividend: Inve	v statement? nancing Activity			1 Mark
-	20	-	Q. State any fourstatement	S.	`		
			Ans. <u>Limitations of 'Financial Statements .</u> (i) It is a <u>historical Analysis</u> as it analyses w			t reflect the	
			future. (ii) It ignores price level changes as a change	ge in price level m	nakes analysis of fin	ancial	1 X 4
			statements of different accounting years in (iii) It ignores qualitative aspect as the qua		nt quality of staff (etc are	= 4 Marks
			ignored while carrying out the analysis of f	inancial statemer	nts.		Tiviano
			(iv) It <u>suffers from the limitations of financ</u> information given in the financial statemen	nts.	,		
			(v) It is <u>not free from bias</u> of accountants so depreciation etc.	uch as method of	inventory valuatio	n , method of	
			(vi) It may lead to window dressing i.e. sho actually is by manipulating the books of ac		ancial position than	what	
			(vii) It <u>may be misleading</u> without the know a firm.		nges in accounting	procedure by	
22	21	22	Q. Financial Statementsand	design.			
			Ans. <u>Values (Any two):</u> • Transparency				
			 Consistency 	aleteel I C			1 X 2=2
			Following rules and regulations / EHonesty and loyalty towards owned		nduct		
			 Providing authentic information to 				
			(Or any oth	ner suitable value	e)		



Heads Sub-heads General Reserves Shareholders' funds Reserves and Surplus	rent rent
Short term loans and advances Capital work in progress Design Non current assets Fixed assets Fixed assets/ Intangible assets Oc. The quick ratio	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks ent
advances Capital work in progress Non current assets Fixed assets	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks ent
Capital work in progress Design Non current assets Fixed assets Fixed assets Fixed assets/ Intangible as Private assets Fixed assets Fixed assets Fixed assets/ Intangible as Private assets/ Intangible assets/ Private assets/ Intangible as Private assets/ Intangible assets/ Private assets/ Int	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
21 22 21 Q. The quick ratio	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
21 22 21 Q. The quick ratio	rent rent
Ans. Transaction Effect on Quick Ratio Reasons (i) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (ii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (iii) Increase Quick assets have increased but cur liabilities have not changed (iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
Transaction Effect on Quick Ratio Reasons (i) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (ii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (iii) Increase Quick assets have increased but curr liabilities have not changed (iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
(ii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (ii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (iii) Increase Quick assets have increased but cur liabilities have not changed (iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the Cash flow Statement. Ans. Cash flow statement of RS Ltd. For the year ended 31st March 2016 as per AS-3 (Revised)	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
Cii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed Quick assets have increased but curr liabilities have not changed Quick assets have increased but curr liabilities have not changed Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amoun	rent 1 X 4 =4 Marks
(ii) Decrease Quick assets have decreased but cur liabilities have not changed (iii) Increase Quick assets have increased but curr liabilities have not changed (iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the Cash Flow Statement. Ans. Cash flow statement of RS Ltd. For the year ended 31st March 2016 as per AS-3 (Revised)	ent =4 Marks
Cash flow statement of RS Ltd. Ciii) Increase Iiabilities have not changed Quick assets have increased but current Liabilities have not changed Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Civil 2018 Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed Civil 2018 Cash Flow Statement Cash Flow Stateme	ent
(iii) Increase Quick assets have increased but curreliabilities have not changed (iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabilities have not changed decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the	
Cash flow statement of RS Ltd. Cash For the year ended 31st March 2016 as per AS-3 (Revised)	
(iv) Decrease Both Quick assets and Current Liabil decreased by the same amount 23 23 Q. Following is the	ties have
23 23 Q. Following is the	
Ans. Cash flow statement of RS Ltd. For the year ended 31 st March 2016 as per AS-3 (Revised)	
For the year ended 31st March 2016 as per AS-3 (Revised)	
Dortioulors Dotails (*) Am	
	ount (R)
A. Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net Profit before tax & extraordinary items (note 1) 3,50,000	
Add: Non cash and non-operating charges	
Goodwill written off 50,000 Depreciation on machinery 1,10,000	
Depreciation on machinery 1,10,000 Interest on debentures 42,000	> 1 1/2
Loss on sale of machinery 10,000	
Operating_profit before working capital changes 5,62,000	
Less: Increase in Current Assets	+
Increase in inventories (50,000)	
Net Cash generated from Operating Activities	5,12,000
B. Cash flows from Investing Activities :	
Purchase of machinery (7,00,000)	
Sale of machinery 30,000 Purchase of non current investments (50,000)	
	(7,20,000)
C. Cash flows from Financing Activities:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Issue of share capital 2,00,000	
Issue of 12% debentures 1,00,000	+
Interest on debentures paid (42,000)	
Dividend paid (1,25,000)	
Bank overdraft raised 75,000	1 1/2
Net Cash flow from financing activities	2,08,000 Nil
Net increase/ decrease in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)	
Add: Opening balance of cash & cash equivalents	
Current Investments 70,000	+
Cash and Cash Equivalents 43,000	1,13,000
Closing Balance of cash & cash equivalents	
Current Investments 40,000	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents 73,000	<u>1,13,000</u>
	——ー _ロ フ



			Notes:				
			Calculation of Net Profit befo	ore tax:			
			Net profit as per statement o	f Profit & Loss	1,50,000		1/2
			Add: Proposed Dividend		2,00,000		
			Net Profit before tax & extra	ordinary items	<u>3,50,000</u>		
				Mach	inery A/c		
			Particulars	`	Particulars	`	
			To Balance b/d	10,55,000	By Cash A/c	30,000	
			To Cash A/c (Bal figure)	7,00,000	By Statement of P/L	10,000	
			(Purchase)		By Accumulated Depreciation A/c	40,000	
					By Balance c/d	16,75,000	
				17,55,000	· ·	17,55,000	
					Depreciation A/c	17/00/000	- 1/2
			Particulars	` `	Particulars	· (=
				40,000	By Balance b/d	1,40,000	6 Marks
			To Machinery A/c				o man
			To Balance c/d	2,10,000	By Statement of P/L (Bal	1,10,000	
				2 52 222	fig)		
				<u>2,50,000</u>		<u>2,50,000</u>	
				P/	ART B		
					ed Accounting)		
19	18	18	Q. What is a 'Database'?	(oomputeriz	ca / too carrenig /		
.,				ollection of inte	errelated data tables, files or str	uctures which	=1 Mark
					al needs of an organisation. It h		
			of being integrated and being		arriceds or air organisation. It i	ids the property	
			or being integrated and being	,	suitable meaning)		
18	19	19	Q. Name any				
10	17	17	Ans. Database tools are: (Any		iailiei.		
			Access	<i>(</i> ((((((((((((((((((½ X 2
							=1 Mark
			Oracle				= I IVIAI K
00	00	04	SQL server	<u>.</u>			
22	20	21	Q. Explain any four		torional consumting on the consumt	N f \	
			_	• .	terised accounting software : (any iour)	
				•	ormation in desired format.		4 1/4
			 Efficient record keep 	-			1 X 4
			 Ensures effective con 	-			=4 Marks
			 Economy in the proce 	essing of accour	nting data.		
			 Conditionality of data 				
20	21	22	Q. What is meant	•			
			Ans. Form: Access provides a	C ! !! !		ontor.	
					iterface, which allows users to e s 'Form'. This information trans		
			information in a graphical wa				=
			information in a graphical wa to the underlying database.	y. It is known a		parently passes	= 4 Marks
			information in a graphical wat to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation	y. It is known as shows underly	s 'Form'. This information trans	parently passes	= 4 Marks
			information in a graphical wat to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation	y. It is known as shows underly	s 'Form'. This information trans ing database in one half of the s	parently passes	= 4 Marks
			information in a graphical wat to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering info	shows underly	s 'Form'. This information trans ing database in one half of the s	sparently passes section and form	= 4 Marks
			information in a graphical wat to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering info	shows underly rmation in the	s 'Form'. This information trans ing database in one half of the s record selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view car	sparently passes section and form	= 4 Marks
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering info	shows underly rmation in the e synchronized on of the record	s 'Form'. This information trans ing database in one half of the s record selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view can	sparently passes section and form	= 4 Marks
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information the two views in the form are the other view to same location.	shows underly rmation in the e synchronized on of the recor	ing database in one half of the strected selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view cald.	sparently passes section and form	= 4 Marks
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information of the two views in the form are the other view to same location	shows underly rmation in the e synchronized on of the recor	ing database in one half of the street selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view caldscattered locations. unting Software"	sparently passes section and form et. uses scrolling of	
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information of the two views in the form are the other view to same location	shows underly rmation in the esynchronized on of the record the requireme	ing database in one half of the strecord selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view caldscattered locations. unting Software" nts of large business organisations.	section and form et. uses scrolling of ons with multi	
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information of the two views in the form are the other view to same location	shows underly rmation in the esynchronized on of the record the requirement ifferent geograf	ing database in one half of the strecord selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view cardscattered locations. unting Software" nts of large business organisationical locations. They require specifical services and the services are serviced in the services are services.	section and form et. uses scrolling of ons with multi	1
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information of the two views in the form are the other view to same location. O. Name and explain	shows underly shows in the se synchronized fon of the record the requirement geograph ant part of the second contact of the second contact in the second c	ing database in one half of the strecord selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view caudscattered locations. unting Software" nts of large business organisationical locations. They require sporganisational MIS.	section and form et. uses scrolling of ons with multipecial training to	1 3
21	22	20	information in a graphical was to the underlying database. Split Form: This presentation in other half for entering information of the two views in the form are the other view to same location. O. Name and explain	shows underly rmation in the esynchronized on of the record the requirement geograph ant part of the checks are robusts.	ing database in one half of the strecord selected in the datashee so that scrolling in one view card. scattered locations. unting Software" nts of large business organisationical locations. They require sporganisational MIS. ust in such software and they present the such software and such software such software and such software such software and such software such software such software such such software such such software such such software such software such such software such such software such software such such software such such software such such su	section and form et. uses scrolling of ons with multipecial training to	1





-	23	-	Q. State the steps Formatting'.	
			Ans. Following steps should be taken to change conditional formatting:	
			1. Make sure appropriate worksheet, table is selected in the show formatting rules for list box.	
			2. Optionally change the range of cells by clicking collapse dialog in the applies to box to temporarily hide, and then select Expand dialog.	
			3. Select the rule, and then click Edit Rule. The Edit formatting rule dialog box is displayed.	1 X 6
			4. Under select a rule type, click Format all cells based on their values	=6 Marks
			5. Under Edit the Rule Description in Format style list box, select 3-colour scale.	
			6. To select Minimum and Maximum type (any one of the following):	
			 Format highest and lowest value select lowest and highest value. In this case, we do not enter maximum or minimum value. 	
			 Format a number, date or time value select number and then enter minimum and maximum value. 	

